

บงชงศตรวฐศะ ธงรติศักริการ ซึ่ง องจักษ์ สิทิศจิทิศจิยิกจั Georgian Oil & Gas Corporation

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The standards and relevant normative documents used in the pipeline construction supervision process and the problems encountered

Gas infrastructure and European Standard EN 1594

Workshop

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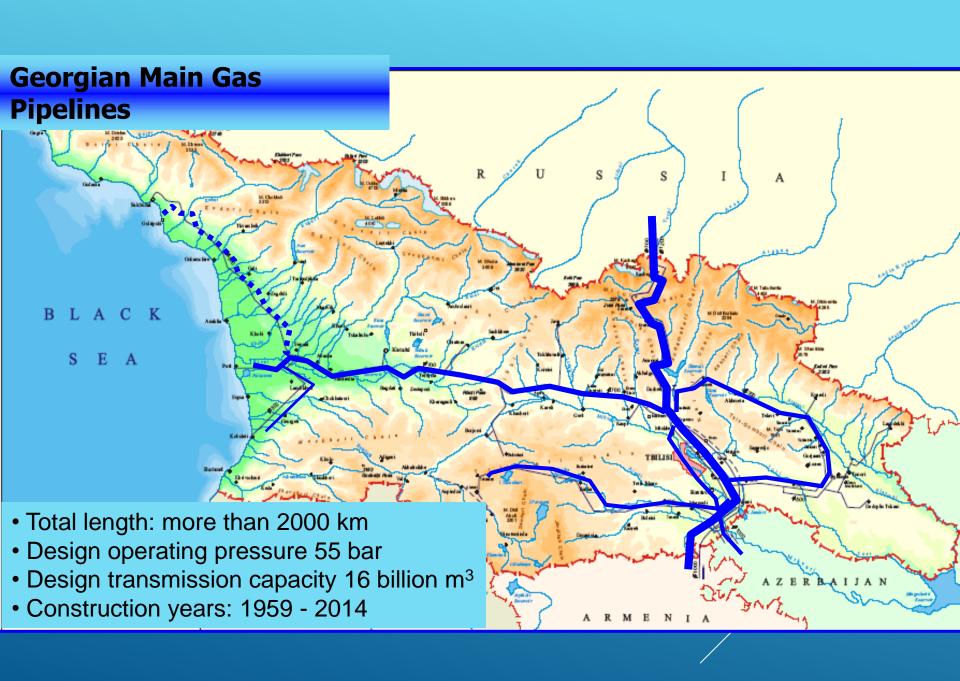
A BRIEF HISTORY

- Normative documents development and and authorization - Centralized;
- Georgian specialists participating as an individual
- Design organizations in Ukraine and Russia;
- Construction organizations Outside of Georgia;
- ► No Technical Supervision Service

A BRIEF HISTORY (CONTINUATION)

GOGC:

- Since 2007: 1st projects of the Trunk Pipelines design, Simplified processes;
- In 2008 the engineering department has been established;
- In 2011 Construction Supervisory Department has been created;
- Implementation of Western Technical norms and standards step by step;
- In parallel pipelines Construction companies have been established in Georgia.



GEORGIAN MAIN GAS PIPELINES (1959-1994 YEARS), PN 5,4 MPA, WORKING PRESSURE - LESS

- North-South Caucasus GP. 132,65 km, 1988-1994 Years, DN1200;
- Kazakh-Saguramo 90 km, 1980-2000 Years, DN1000;
- Karadakh-Tbilisi 2 Line, 62.25 km, 1959 y, DN800, 700, 500;
- Vladikavkaz-Tbilisi 232 km, 1963 y, DN700, 500;
- Saguramo-Kutaisi-Sokhumi (EWGP)- 455,8 km, 1975, 1986 y, DN800, 700, 500;
- Kobuleti branch 67,7 km, 1990 y, DN500;
- Kakheti GP 252 km, 1970-1982 and 2014 years, DN500, 300, 200;
- Southern GP- 268,1 km, 1978-2014 y, DN500, 300, 200;
- ▶ Gomi-Bakuriani GP 52,8 km, 1975-1989 y, DN500, 300;
- ➤ Total length ≈1620 km. (without looping and SCP)

GEORGIAN MAIN GAS PIPELINES (2007-2006 YEARS), PN 5,4 MPA, WORKING PRESSURE - LESS

- Akhalkalaki outlet -20,4 km, 2007 y, DN300;
- Gardabani-Navtlugi GP 30 km, 2007 y, DN700;
- Akhaltsikhe outlet -50,5 km, 2009 y, DN300;
- Navtlugi-Saguramo GP -50,4 km, 2010-2012 y, DN700
- Akhaltsikhe-Arali GP- 22 km, 2012 y, DN300, 200;
- Zestafoni-Kutaisi-Abasha-Senaki-Poti GP- 129 km, 2011-2014 y, DN700;
- Gori-Qareli GP 30 km, 2014 y, DN700;
- Rustavi-Sagarejo GP 25 km, 2014 y, DN300;
- ➤ Tsiteli khidi-Marneuli GP 24 km, 2014 y, DN500;
- > Total length ≈380 km.

GEORGIAN MAIN GAS PIPELINES. MAIN ELEMENTS AND NODES

- Crane assembly: Total 352, among them lines 182, Interconnectors 38, branches 132;
- Natural gas measuring stations: Total 9, Among them: the commercial 4 (2 check), technological 5;
- ► Gas pressure regulating stations: Total 166, the number of consumers 250;
- Underground gas storage : not available The design stage 1.

Selection, adoption and use of ND

Typical Stages:

- 1. Strategic Goal.
- 2. Selection of a minimum set of priority standards.
- 3. Selected standards and study.
- 4. Implementation of selected standards in Georgia.
- 5. Using standards.

1. Strategic Goal

- 1. European integration for the purpose of modernization of the legal framework of the segment.
- 2. Modernization of gas transport infrastructure to the up-to-date international level.

2. Selection of a minimum set of priority standards

European and international standards:

INOGATE previous project

Harmonisation of Gas and Oil Technical Standards & Practices in Eastern Europe and the Caucasus»;

INOGATE current project

INOGATE Technical Secretariat and Integrated Programme in support of the Baku Initiative and the Eastern Partnership

energy objectives

 Selection activities within the Technical Committee.

Own (GOGC) Initiative:

API, ASME, DIN Standards.

- 3. Familiarization of the Selected standards and training
- 1. Working on stndards within the projects.
- 2. TC working process For Technical Committee Members.
- 3. INOGATE projects (Some specialists).
- 4. Trainings and seminars.

4. Selected standards by Georgian standards REGISTER (17.07.2015)

Joined by GEOSTM:

- 72 EN (is being prepared EN 12186:2000/A1 Gas pressure regulating stations for transmission and distribution, EN Georgian translation);
- 239 ISO standards (among them 1 in Georgian, ISO 14532 Natural gas — Vocabulary;
- 5 API;
- 10 ASME;
- 1 DIN.

5. Standards Implemented in the following Processes:

- 1. Design;
- 2. Materials and equipment purchase;
- 3. Construction and/or reconstruction of the existing pipelines;
- 4. Operation and maintenance (GGTC).

Remarkable Results (Expart's opinion)

- HDD river Rioni: Length 655 m, DN700;
- The cable suspensed bridges

(On the river Devdoraki, Length 238 m, DN700;

On the river Kuro- Length 335 m, DN1200 (design stage);

- GP Senaki-Poti Heavily watered and swampy ROW 30 km, DN700;
- Airial crossings: river Rioni 2; river Kvirila 1; river Lochini -1.

New Georgian regulation: establishing Pipelines protection and safety zones

The document elaborated based on SST ASME B 31.8, SST EN 1594, SST EN 14161 and SST ISO 13623 standards.

For the protection and safety of the following areas.

Pipelines for maximum operating pressure over 16 bar:

- Protection Zone I- 0-4 m From both sides of the pipe axis;
- Protection Zone II 4-25 m From both sides of the pipe axis;
- Safety Zone III 25-200 m From both sides of the pipe axis;
- Consultation Zone IV 200-500 m From both sides of the pipe axis.

New Georgian regulation (Continuation)

- I and II zone of protection of buildings can not be constructed;
- Security III zone construction (buildings points) is permitted: the location of the class, the safety design factor and pressure testing of the pipeline based on size;
- Consultation IV zone virtually no restrictions;
- There are many other nuances.

Complications

- Functional standards of a general nature and a large number of interrelated standards;
- Companies in the services do not exist or their weakness;
- Language barrier;
- Specialist training;
- Regular and forced mobility of Staff.

TC's functions

Within its competence:

- Standardization Program Project Review;
- Drafting standards;
- Discussion of draft standards;
- Preparation of recommendation for Adoption of standards;
- Revision of standards according to International experience;
- International / regional standards harmonization and standardization process at the national level to support the development.

Technical committee to work on improving matters

- The Technical Committee has a significant support from the agency (GEOSTM), but it is not enough to succeed;
- European Committee for Electrotechnical TC can't be mirrored;
- Independent TC for the natural gas industry (or enlargement of the existing);
- Training of TC members and specialists by means of internship in the well-known international centers,, but not through short-term workshops and seminars

Thank you for your attention

API, ASME Standards

- API 102:2014/2014 Steel Pipelines Crossing Railroads and Highways.
- API 1110:2013/2014Recommended Practice for the Pressure Testing of Steel Pipelines ...
- ANSI/API 6D:2012/2014 Specification for Pipeline Valves
- API 1104:2013/2014 Welding of Pipelines and Related Facilities
- API 598:2009/2014 Valve Inspection and Testing
- ASME B16.25:2012/2014 Buttwelding Ends
- ASME B16.34:2013/2014 Valves Flanged, Threaded, and Welding End
- ASME B16.49:2012/2014 Factory-Made, Wrought Steel, Buttwelding Induction Bends for Transportation and Distribution Systems

API, ASME Standards

- ASME B16.5:2013/2014 Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings
- ASME B16.9:2012/2014 Factory-Made Wrought Buttwelding Fittings
- ASME B31.4:2012/2014 Pipeline Transportation Systems for Liquids and Slurries
- ASME B31.8:2012/2014 Gas Transmission and Distribution Piping Systems
- ASME B31G:2012/2014 Manual for Determining the Remaining Strength of Corroded Pipelines
- ASME B36.10M:2010/2014 Welded and Seamless Wrought Steel Pipe
- ASME BPVC VIII:2013/2014 Rules for Construction of Pressure Vessels . Division 1 3
- DIN 30670:2012/2014 Polyethylene coatings on steel pipes and fittings-Requirements and testing