



PROGRAMME FUNDED BY THE EU



Country Coordinators Informal Meeting

Impact Monitoring Ownership

Component D

28 September 2015

BUILDING PARTNERSHIPS FOR ENERGY SECURITY

1 - Overview of Activities subject to Impact Monitoring – Approach



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Activities	Monitoring and Impact Assessment Tools	Involvement of CCs
1. Regional workshops	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Follow-up throughout 2015 ○ Interim assessment during ESN meeting in November 2015 ○ Final Assessment (Online Questionnaire sent to PCs in Dec. 2015 or Jan. 2016) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Ensure effective dissemination of results ○ Coordinate final assessment (with attendees)
2. Country activities (from 2012 to early 2016)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Joint assessment: 17 + 5 ESAP indicators updated for ESN meeting (+ final update at project end early 2016) ○ Online questionnaire (as in 1.) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Monitors effective implementation of tools / recommendations ○ Coordinate joint and final assessments (with ESN members)
3. Impact of IEA- INOGATE on international reporting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Third-part assessment (IEA) ○ Based on submission of 5 joint IEA/Eurostat/UNECE questionnaires 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Communicate importance of IEA submission to NSIs (e.g. TJ)

2 - Impacts of selected Activities



- Choose 3 different Activities
- Explain the expected Impacts of the 3 different * Activities (assuming the Activity is currently running or will soon).
- Differentiate between short term impacts (results) and long term impacts.
- Explain the indicators measuring each type of impact.

* *using different CCs*

2 - Impacts of selected Activities:

RWP.14 – Seminar on Energy Planning



Activity	Short term impacts	Long term impacts	Indicators
Regional Workshop on the use of energy statistics, balances and energy efficiency indicators for energy planning	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Increased use of energy statistics in the energy planning process Improved cooperation between policy makers, energy analysts and statisticians Participants have gained knowledge on best practices for the development of national energy policies and strategies 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The definition of energy policies and strategies becomes a consensus building and evidence based exercise based on high quality data A positive feedback loop that will increase the need for better data and therefore the value of energy statistics is created 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Official energy balances and statistics, developed according to international standards, are used to develop medium to long term energy scenarios (yes/partially/no)



2 - Impacts of selected Activities: Technical Assistance to Georgia



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Activity	Short term impacts	Long term impacts	Indicators
<p>1.CWP.16.GE: Model for calculation of RES share and CO2 emissions for 2014</p> <p>2.CWP.18.GE: TA for Energy Balances and energy prices statistics</p> <p>3.CWP.19.GE: Quality reports</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Model for calculation of RES shares and CO2 adopted and applied by GEOSTAT, data are published • Increased capacity to prepare energy balances • Ability to collect energy price statistics according to EU standards • Better knowledge of data quality standards 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • GEORGIA s self-sufficient in the application of international standards for the preparation of RES Shares, CO2 energy emissions, Energy Balances and energy price statistics • Increased quality of energy statistics and better information of data users 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • International methodologies and tools for the calculation of RES Share and CO2 emissions from Energy balances are adopted and applied (yes/partially/no) • System for collection and compilation of bi-annual energy prices statistics established and used by GEOSTAT • Quality reports are adopted and applied (yes/partially/no)

2 - Impacts of selected Activities: Submission of IEA/Eurostat/UNECE questionnaires



Results of INOGATE-IEA Collaboration



Source: Pierre Boileau, Section Head, Non-OECD Country Energy Statistics, IEA. ITS Zagreb conference, October 2014

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Status of INOGATE countries (Oct. 2014)



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Country	Questionnaires	Timeliness	Responsiveness	Completeness
Armenia	😊	😊	😐	😞 Missing oil
Azerbaijan	😊	😊	😊	😊
Belarus	😊	😊	😊	😊
Georgia	😊	😊	😊	😞 Missing autonomous regions
Moldova	😊	😊	😊	😞 Missing Transnistria
Kazakhstan	😊	😊	😊	
Kyrgyz Rep.	😊	😊	😊	
Tajikistan	?			
Ukraine	😊	😊	😊	😞 Some confidentiality

Source: Pierre Boileau, Section Head, Non-OECD Country Energy Statistics, IEA. ITS Zagreb conference, October 2014



3 – Expected involvement of CC and CE in monitoring Impacts



- Ensure effective dissemination of activity results across relevant organisations (MoE, NSI, other)
- Monitors effective implementation of tools / recommendations
- Communicate importance of IEA submission
- Coordinate final assessments with ESN members
 - ESAP indicators and progress reports (joint assessment by ITS-ESN Members and CCs) – October/ November 2015
 - Final online questionnaire – Dec 2015/ Jan 2016
- See distributed handouts

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4 - Expected Dates & Deadlines



- Handouts in English and/or Russian:
 - Progress reports and ESAP indicators

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Спасибо!
Thank you!

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INOGATE Technical Secretariat and Integrated Programme in support of the Baku Initiative and the Eastern Partnership energy objectives



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Impact assessment toolbox



- Tool 1: Extended set of ESAP indicators (since 2012)
 - 17 indicators / 5 Categories / 5 additional indicators to reflect new activities carried out in 2015/2016
 - This is a joint assessment by ITS and Beneficiaries
 - Has to be ready for the ESN meeting (mid-November)
- Tool 2: Online questionnaire
 - Final global assessment by beneficiaries
 - Focus on extension period activities
 - Could include questions on TA provided since 2012
- Tool 2: IEA assessment
 - IEA provide an independent third party assessment of the work done by ITS on Energy Statistics
 - At both country and regional levels